Knowledge organiser: Religion in Medieval England

Christianity was central to the lives of		Chronology: what happened on these dates?		Vocabulary: define these words	
medieval people in England. It gave people jobs, influenced their ideas and led to huge arguments.		1162	Henry II asks Thomas Becket to become Archbishop of Canterbury.	Purgatory	A part of the afterlife where, it is believed, sinners are punished.
	People believed in purgatory, heaven and hell. They took actions to make up for their sins during their lifetimes.	October 1164	Henry puts Thomas on trial for treason but he runs away to France.	Penance	A punishment for sin.
Topic 1: Journey to the afterlife		May 1166	Thomas is given the power to excommunicate people.	Pilgrimage	A journey with a religious purpose.
Topic 2: Church career options	Religious people chose to become priests, monks or nuns. They helped their local community in various ways.	November 1170	Thomas excommunicates three bishops who were loyal to Henry.	Monastery/Convent	A place where monks or nuns live.
		December 1170	Thomas is murdered in Canterbury Cathedral.	Priest	A person who can deliver sacraments to a local community.
Topic 3: Religion and ideas Topic 4: Henry and Thomas argue Topic 5: Murder of Thomas Becket	Ideas about God influenced criminal trials, scientific explanations, medicine, warfare and architecture. Henry II wanted to control the Church, using Thomas Becket to help him. Thomas would not help. Henry II went into a rage, causing some of his knights to murder Thomas Becket in Canterbury Cathedral.	1174	Henry goes on a pilgrimage to Thomas's tomb.	Monk/Nun	A person who has taken vows in order to lead a religious life.
		Who were these people? What were these events?			A trial judged by Cod in
		Christian knights	In 1098, at the Battle of Antioch, Christian knights reported that saints had fought with them in battle.	Trial by ordeal	A trial judged by God in which the accused takes part in a physical test.
		Benedictines	A religious order, whose members spent most of the day in prayer.	Archbishop	The head of the Church in a country or large area.
		Thomas Becket	An important archbishop, who was murdered by Henry II's knights.	Pope	The person in charge of the entire Catholic Church.
		Thomas' martyrdom	In 1173, the pope made Thomas a saint.	The Church	An institution that controls the lives and beliefs of Christians.
Topic 6: Limits to Church power	The state was still very powerful and some people led unChristian lives or practised magic.	Henry II	A powerful king, who argued with the Church.	Excommunication	A punishment in which a person is banned from Church services.
		King John	A weak king, who argued with the pope over jobs in the Church.	The state	The kings, lords and others who run a country.